CH310N Spring 2010

Anslyn

March 23, 2010

Exam 2

Please **<u>PRINT</u>** the first three letters of your last name in the boxes below.

PRINT Full Name	UT-EID
	1) (8 pts)
	2) (5 pts)
	3) (5 pts)
	4) (22 pts)
	5) (4 pts)
	6) (8 pts)
	7) (7 pts)
	8) (6 pts)
	9) (8 pts)
	10) (8 pts)
	11) (7 pts)
	12)(12 pts)
	Bonus) (2 pts)

Total Score _____ (100 pts)

a) Give the common names for the following molecules. (From notes, 2 points)



b) Give the IUPAC name for the following molecule. (From homework, problem 18.13h, 2 points)



c) Draw the chemical structures for the following common names. (From notes, 2 points)





DMF (N, N-Dimethyl formamide)

Acetic Anhydride

1.

d) Draw the following projections of ribose. For each Haworth projection, circle the anomeric carbon. (4 points)



3. In class, we talked at length about the hydrolysis of carboxylic acid derivatives, where reaction with water gives the parent carboxylic acid. Please explain the observed reactivity trend of the carboxylic acid derivatives toward hydrolysis. (5 points)

4. Fill in the box with the appropriate reactant, reagent, or product. Some boxes require more than one step. (22 points)

A) From homework, problem 19.33





G) From homework, problem 19.23



H) From homework, problem 18.25D



I) From homework. 18.39



J) From homework, problem 17.18D



5. In the presence of a base such as NaOEt, the following reaction proceeds to form the bicyclic product that is shown below. Some of the carbon atoms have been labeled from 1-9 in the starting material. Number the atoms in the product that correspond to those numbered in the starting material. (4 points)



6. Next, draw the mechanism for the reaction in problem 5 (which has been re-drawn below), including all participating lone pairs, applicable formal charges, and required arrow pushing to indicate flow of electrons. (8 points)



7. (From homework, problem 19.26) Show how you might bring about the following conversion. (7 points)



8. An ester can be hydrolyzed to the parent carboxylic acid under acidic conditions. Draw this mechanism, making sure to show all participating lone pairs, applicable formal charges, and required arrow pushing to indicate flow of electrons. (6 points)



9. Treatment of an acid chloride with an alcohol in the presence of pyridine forms an ester, as shown below. Draw the mechanism for this reaction, including all participating lone pairs, applicable formal charges, and required arrow pushing to indicate flow of electrons. Be sure to account for the formation of the side product. (8 points)



10. Using only benzyl alcohol as a source of carbon atoms, show how you might bring about the following conversion. (8 points)



11. Using only ethyl acetate as a source of carbon atoms, show how you might bring about the following conversion. (7 points)



12. Using a retrosynthetic approach, give the letters (A-L) and the name of the reaction (a list of reactions names is provided) needed to make each of the products listed. Each letter can be used once, more than once, or not at all. There is an extra copy of the box of options on the last page of the test for you to tear off and use. (12 points)



List of Possible Reaction Names:

Aldol Reaction Claisen Condensation Acetoacetic Ester "Like" Synthesis Malonic Ester Synthesis Michael Addition Malonic Ester Synthesis Michael Addition Acetoacetic Ester "Like" Synthesis Robinson Annulation Enamine Alkylation





BONUS QUESTION: What is the name of the greatest rock band in history, aptly titled so by their biggest fan Dr. Anslyn? (2 points)



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